WolfTech **Active Directory: OU Administration**

June 30th, 2009 2-5pm Daniels 407



Tools

- Remote Server Administration Tools (RSAT)
 - Vista SP1+ / 2008 version of AdminPak
 - Only way to access Group Policy Preferences
 - Includes all added functionality from 2003 R2
- GPMC Included in Vista
 - VBScripts for doing GPO Scripting
- SpecOps GPUpdate Extension for ADUC
- Scripting: VBScript/PowerShell
- ShellRunas Run as different Domain User for Vista
 - Do not do administration with normal unity account
- Custom MMC Consoles
- DEMO!



Migration Checklist

- 1. Get your house in order:
 - o DNS needs to be accurate, including DNS domains, use DHCP
 - Asset tracking needs to be accurate
 - Laptops register in NOMAD
- 1. Design OU/Group Layout Considerations
 - What types of Users do you have to support?
 - What types of computers ?
 - Are there multiple Logical Units? Offices? Departments?
- 2. Management Policies
 - Who can login where? What level of permissions should they have?
 - Who is allowed to administer the machines?
 - O Do you need to deploy Mapped Drives, Scripts, or Printers?
- 3. Software Deployment Strategy
 - Who can install their own software on what machines?
 - What software packages need to be automated?
- 4. Migrating Machines
 - Reinstall from scratch or Join them in current state?
 - Pre-Staging Computer Objects
 - O Do you include Mac/Linux machines?

NC STATE New Machine/Reinstallation - WDS

5. What other services will you need to provide?



Accounts

- Accounts already provisioned for all Unity
- Centrally managed
- Passwords synced via Password Change Page
- Units can create their own accounts:
 - more than 8 characters
 - Administrative: <UNITYID>.admin
 - Ouests: <DEPT>.<FIRSTNAME>.<LASTNAME>
 - Service: <DEPT>.<SERVICENAME>.service

http://www.wolftech.ncsu.edu/support/support/Active_Directory/Naming_Standards

- Coming Soon:
 - Workshop Accounts
 - Cross Realm Trust



Grouping

"Best Practices":

- Creating lots of groups up front will ease administration when change requests are needed later on.
- It is better to have a group and not use it, than need a group and not have one.
- Always use groups for delegating permissions.

Types of Groups:

- Group by User Directory Info: Faculty/Staff/Student
- Group by Machine Use: Public Lab/Teaching Lab/Kiosk/Server
- Group by Machine type: Laptop/Desktop
- Group by Administrative Access: Server Admins/Lab Admins
- Groups for Application Deployment
- Groups for Printer Deployment
- Groups for Resource Access



WolfTech Managed Groups

- Create Groups based on:

 - Affiliation
 - Building
 - Course Rolls
- Membership populated daily!
- Set expiration dates!
- <u>http://www.wolftech.ncsu.edu/wtmg/</u>



OU Layout - Machine Types

Single User

- Faculty Individual login, local admin
- Staff Individual or group login, no local admin
- Grad Students Group login, no student admin, Faculty admin

Labs

- Teaching Labs college or class login, user rights
- Public Labs any account login (or college), user rights
- Research Labs Group login, user rights

Stand Alone

- Kiosks no login, extremely locked down
- Conference Rooms any account login
- Loaner machines

Servers



OU Layout Considerations

Favor an overly-hierarchical layout rather than a flat layout

- Allows for easier targeting of GPO's
- Follows a more logical structure for support
- Its harder to move from Flat->Hierarchical than vise-versa

Q: Design OU structure based on Function or Organization?

A: Both! First one, then the other.

Examples!

Desktops/Laptops OU's:

Cron Job to help maintain group memberships



Group Policy Basics

Creating:

- Group Policy Objects Container
- How to copy a GPO
- Starter GPO's

GPO Processing:

- GPO processing starts at the root of the domain and overlays as you get closer to the object
- Link GPO's to OU's
- Link ordering on OU's
- Filter GPO's based on Group membership
- Filter GPO's based on WMI
- Enforced vs. Blocking Inheritance
- Deny permission?



Group Policy Basics (continued)

Naming Conventions:

- < OU>-
- For software: {SW,FW,EX}-<OU>-
- Be descriptive in your GPO names, there is no length limit

Some "best practices":

- GPO's that provide access to a resource should be linked at the highest level that is administratively feasible.
- WMI filtering on specific versions of software usually doesn't get updated. Use WMI filters for OS, and Item-Level targeting in GPP for everything else you can.
- If you find yourself creating alot of GPO's to solve a single problem, you are doing something wrong.

Group Policy Diagnostics

gpupdate - initiate a Group Policy refresh (optional: /force)

Group Policy Results - What is applying now Group Policy Modeling - Planning out changes before making them (currently doesn't work)

Group Policy Logging:

<u>http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc775423(WS.10).</u>



Group Policy - WolfTech Specifics

WolfTech uses Loopback Processing (merge mode)

Permissions:

- Cron:
 - All OU Admins get Read to all GPO's
 - Delegate permissions to <OU>-OU Admins group for GPO's following naming conventions mentioned earlier
- "Deny" permissions on GPO's should be used with care
 - Primary use case is in Software Distribution



Policies

Types of Policies:

- Software Deployment
- Scripts
- Security Settings
 - Restricted Groups
 - User Rights assignment
 - Machine Permissions (Filesystem, Registry, Services)
 - Software restriction
 - Configure Wireless
 - Windows Security Guide Templates are already in WolfTech
 - {VSG, XP, WS03, WS08} EC
- Administrative Templates
 - Firewall no spaces in comma separated lists!
 - Windows Update, IE, desktop environment, etc.
 - DNS Domain, DNS Search order



NC STATE UNSUS Groups (client-side targetting)

Software Distribution

- Naming: SW-OU-Vendor-App-Version-Build date
 - SW-NCSU-Mathworks-Matlab-7.6-20090605
- Assigned via GPO
 - "Remove when out of scope"
 - SW Licensed Software
 - o FW Freeware
 - EX Experimental (In testing, Use at own rise, etc.)
- Group Hierarchy
 - A Group Created at <OU> Software level will replicate down to all child colleges/departments

Preferences

Types of Preferences:

- Mapped Drives
- Power Settings
- Printers*
- Distributing individual files, registry keys, shortcuts
- Collections
- Item-Level Targeting lets you filter based off of:
 - IP Address/MAC Address/Battery State
 - Security Group/OU/User
 - Registry/File Match
 - Date/Time
 - o and much, much more!



Windows Software Update Services

WSUS is the freepatch distribution product provided by MS.

- All patches except drivers
- Approval Timelines:
 - Early, Normal, Late
 - Use GPO to set the Client Group: <DEPT>-Early
- Reports
 - http://www.wolftech.ncsu.
 edu/support/support/Active_Directory/Documentation/WSUS_Management
 Console

http://www.wolftech.ncsu.edu/support/support/Active_Directory/Service_Groups#WSUS_Serv



Windows Distribution Services

WDS is the free image creation and deployment product provided by MS

- PXE DHCP Templates (WDS-Main, WDS-Centennial, PXE-All)
- Base OS's + drivers
- Vista/Windows 7 are easy, XP works

http://www.wolftech.ncsu. edu/support/support/Active_Directory/Documentation/WDS



Scenarios

What are some problems that you need to solve?



Q & A

